demand during the current financial year has been estimated at 268.80 million tonnes though production is projected at 249 million tonnes;

(b) if so, in what manner the gap between demand and production is proposed to be met;

(c) what will be the gap between demand and production by the end of Eighth Five Year Plan period and how the gap would be met; and

(d) what will be the targets of coal production of Coal Inida Ltd. and other coal producing companies in 1993-94 and by the end of Eighth Five Year Plan period?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRI AJIT KUMAR PANJA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The demand estimate of 268.80 million tonnes includes an import of 6 million tonnes of coking coal for use in steel plants. Should the entire estimated demand materialize the gap would be met by draw down of pit-head stocks of Coal India Limited.

(c) Against the estimated demand of 311.00 million tonnes by the terminal year of Eighth Plan, total production is targetted at 308.00 million tonnes. The gap of 3 million tonnes is proposed to be met by import of coking coal for steel plants and draw down of pit-head stock in case of non-coking coal.

(d) Coal production target for Coal India Limited and other coal companies for the year 1993-94 and terminal year of Eighth Plan is given below:—

(million tonnes)

	Year 1993-94	1996-97
1. Coal India Limited	220.00	270.00
2. Singareni Collieries Company Limited	24.00	33.00
3. Others	5.00	5.00
TOTAL	249.00	308.00

Funds generated on premium on Coal

2443. SHRI ANANT RAM JAISWAL:
SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA:
SHRI DIGVIJAY SINGH:

Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have made any estimation of the funds illegally generated by way of premium on coal annually:

(b) if so, to what extent the illegal funds so generated have disappeared during the last three years, year-wise; and

(c) the manner in which Government proposes to check the illegal premium on coal generated in the Coal Industry?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINSTRY OF COAL (SHRI AJIT KUMAR PANJA): (a) and (b) Coal is supplied to actual users against linkages/sponsorships or both at notified prices. Government has no specific information regarding premium charged on illegal sale of coal and as such no estimation of the illegal funds generated thereby could be made.

(c) The coal sold to actual users is not available for resale under the provisions of the Colliery Control Order, 1945. Without the permission of the Coal Controller, any illegal sale of coal is punishable under the provisions of Essential Commodities Act. Whenever any such instances are brought to the notice of Government, suitable action is taken according to legal provisions.

CIL Monopoly on Price of Coal

2444. SHRI PARMESHWAR KUMAR AGARWALLA: Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to refer to answer to Unstarred Question 32 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 26th July, 1993 and state:

(a) whether there has been a coal price hike recently;

(b) if so, by how much;

(c) whether the price actually charged is much more than the hike in price announced;

(d) if so, what are the details thereof;

(e) whether this increase was time and again due to the coal being the monopoly item of the CIL in which consumer has no choice to get their requirement from any other source;

(f) whether in view of this he would appoint an Enquiry Committee to examine the price structure, production cost vis-a-vis the quantity and the quality and the justification for increase in prices while CIL is claiming;

(g) if not, the reasons thereof; and

(h) if so, by what time?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRI AJIT KUMAR PANJA): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. The average prices of Coal for Coal India Limited and Singareni Collieries Company Limited have been raised by 4.89% and 4.09% respectively w.e.f. 19-6-1993.

(c) and (d) The sale price of coal fixed under the Colliery Control Order, 1945 is ex pit-head price to be charged by the colliery owner.

The pit-head prices are exclusive of statutory duties of excise, royalty, cesses sales tax etc. The colliery owner shall be entitled to realise such duties from the purchasers.

(e) No, Sir.

(f) to (h) No, Sir. Bureau of Industrial Costs and Prices are presently conducting a study of the coal industry and will give their recommendations on the prices of coal to be fixed for CIL and SCCL.

Buyers of coal from Coal India Limited

2445. SHRI KRISHAN LAL SHARMA: Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state:

(a) the names of bulk buyers of coal from Coal India Limited at present;

(b) what are the details of the amount due from each of the buyers and since when;

(c) whether it is a fact that Government have drawn a plan to liquidate these dues, if so, details thereof; and

(d) by when the plan is likely to be implemented?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRI AJIT KUMAR PANJA): (a) and (b) The largest bulk consumers getting coal from Coal India Limited are from the Power Sector, Steel Sector, Railways, etc. The total outstanding coal sale dues from different bulk consumers as on 30-6-1993 were as follows:

(Rs. in crores)

(Data provisional)

		Amount
A.	Power Utilities	
1.	Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board	13.90
2.	Ahmedabad Electricity Company	30.22
3.	Badarpur Thermal Power Station	275.18
4.	Bihar State Electricity Board	59.51
5.	Calcutta Electricity Supply Co. (CESC)	7.96
6.	Damodar Valley Corporation	265.29
7.	Delhi Electricity Supply Undertaking	59.15
8.	Durgapur Project Limited	87.18
9.	Gujarat Electricity Board	165.83
10.	Haryana State Electricity Board	129.70
11.	Karnataka Power Corporation Limited	6.93
12.	Madhya Pradesh State Electricity Board	52.96
13.	Maharashtra State Electricity Board	373.21
14.	National Thermal Power Corporation	242.52
15.	Orissa State Electricity Board	12.65
16.	Punjab State Electricity Board	193.95
17.	Rajasthan State Electricity Board	36.93
18.	Tamil Nadu Electricity Board	90.74
19.	Uttar Pradesh State Electricity Board	284.57
20.	West Bengal State Electricity Board	136.99
21.	West Bengal Power Development Corpn.	158.17
22.	Others	9.81
	TOTAL:	2698.35
B.	Railways	65.88
C.	Steel	367.33
D.	Government	101.24
E.	Others	83.92

(c) and (d) Following steps are already being taken to recover these dues:—

(i) All power units commissioned after 1-4-1989 are being supplied coal only against advance payments or against revolving Letters of Credit.

(ii) Government of India have decided to adjust all undisputed coal sales outstanding as on 31-5-1990 against the Central Assistance to the State Plans payable to the State Governments, whose State Electricity Boards and Power Utilities had defaulted, in four equal instalments. So far three instalments have been received.